

June 12, 2012

## The Algorithm

Assume that given a set of literals  $F$ , the procedures,

1.  $PST(F)$  takes atoms from  $F$ ;
2.  $NGT(F)$  takes the negation of atoms from  $F$ ;
3.  $\sim(F)$  give us the set  $\{\neg l \mid l \in F\}$ ;
4.  $Fst(F)$  takes the first element of  $F$ .

Given a **3-SAT** formula  $PSI$ , there are procedures

1.  $LGT(PSI)$  give us the maximum number of literals in the clauses of  $PSI$ ;
2.  $PSI \setminus C$  writes the disjunction of all the clauses of  $PSI$  except the clauses  $C$ .

Given a clause  $C \equiv (a \vee b \vee c)$ ,

1.  $C \setminus a$  gives us the clause  $C \equiv (b \vee c)$
2.  $Fst(C)$  gives the set  $S = \{a\}$  and  $Rest(C)$  gives the clause  $c = (b \vee c)$ . If  $C \equiv a$ ,  $Fst(C)$  gives the set  $\{a\}$  and the emptyset.

### Algorithm 1 Factorize $PSI$ by $p$ , $\text{Fac}(\Psi, p)$

Input:  $\Psi \equiv (p \vee q_{12} \vee q_{13}) \wedge (p \vee q_{22} \vee q_{23}) \wedge \dots \wedge (p \vee q_{t2} \vee q_{t3})$

```

 $S_p \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
for  $1 \leq i \leq t$  do
  Read  $C_i$ 
   $S_p \leftarrow S_p \wedge (C_i \setminus p)$ 
end for

```

Output:  $S_p$

### Algorithm 2 $Letter(C)$

% Given a clause  $C$ , write the set of literals in  $C$

```

 $Letter(C) \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
while  $C \neq \emptyset$  do
   $Letter(C) \leftarrow Letter(C) \cup Fst(C)$ 
   $C \leftarrow Rest(C)$ 
end while

```

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**Algorithm 3** *Letter(PSI)*

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% Given a 3-SAT formula  $PSI$ , write the set of literals in  $PSI$

```
Letter( $PSI$ )  $\leftarrow \emptyset$ 
for  $1 \leq i \leq LGT(PSI)$  do
    Letter( $PSI$ )  $\leftarrow$  Letter( $PSI$ )  $\cup$  Letter( $C_i$ )
end for
```

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**Algorithm 4** Filter Partition, *Fil(PSI)*

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% Given a 3-SAT formula  $PSI$ , erase clauses that contain a literal  $l$  whose conjugated  $\neg l$  does not belong to the set of literals of  $PSI$

```
var1  $\leftarrow$  Letter( $PSI$ )
var2  $\leftarrow$  { $l \in var1 | \neg l \notin var1$ }
while var2  $\neq \emptyset$  do
    for all  $C \in PSI$  do
        if Letter( $C$ )  $\cap$  var2  $\neq \emptyset$  then
             $PSI \leftarrow PSI \setminus C$ 
        end if
    end for
    var1  $\leftarrow$  Letter( $PSI$ )
    var2  $\leftarrow$  { $l \in var1 | \neg l \notin var1$ }
end while
if Letter( $PSI$ )  $= \emptyset$ , stop computation with output  $PSI$  is satisfiable then
    end if
```

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**Algorithm 5** Partition Part1

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Input:  $\Psi \equiv (q_{11} \vee q_{12} \vee q_{13}) \wedge \dots \wedge (q_{t1} \vee q_{t2} \vee q_{t3}) \equiv C_1 \wedge \dots \wedge C_t$

```
Label ← ∅
SG ← Ψ
S⊤ ← ∅
PTTΨ ← ∅
Str ← LetterSG
FS ← ∅
LitAll ← Letter(PSI)
while LGT(SG) = 3 AND PST(Letter(G)) ∩ ~NGT(Letter(G)) ≠ ∅ do
    Str ← Letter(SG)
    p ← FstLetter(SG)
    Label ← Label ∪ {p, ¬p}
    Cp ← ⊥
    C¬p ← ⊥
    for all Clause C of Ψ do
        if p ∈ C then
            Cp ← Cp ∧ C
            SG ← SG \ C
        else
            if ¬p ∈ C then
                C¬p ← C¬p ∧ C
                SG ← SG \ C
            end if
        end if
    end for
end while
for all p ∈ Label do
    Sp ← Fac(Cp, p)
    PTTΨ ← PTTΨ ∧ (p ∨ SP)
    litAll ← litAll \ ({p} ∪ LetterSp)
end for
```

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**Algorithm 6** Partition Part 2

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```
 $FS \leftarrow \cup\{Letter(S_p) | p \in LABEL\}$ 
 $Necfalse \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
 $AUXLabel \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
 $litAll \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
 $Str \leftarrow LetterS_G$ 
while  $LGH(S_G)=3$  do
    while  $Str \neq \emptyset$  do
        if there is a conjugated pair  $p, \neg p$  where at least one lies in  $Str \setminus (litAll)$  then
             $C_p \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
             $C_{\neg p} \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
            if  $p \in FS$  then
                 $Necfalse \leftarrow Necfalse \cup \{p\}$ 
            end if
            if  $\neg p \in FS$  then
                 $Necfalse \leftarrow Necfalse \cup \{\neg p\}$ 
            end if
            for all Clause  $C$  of  $\Psi$  do
                if  $p \in C$  then
                     $C_p \leftarrow C_p \wedge C$ 
                     $S_G \leftarrow S_G \setminus C$ 
                else
                    if  $\neg p \in C$  then
                         $C_{\neg p} \leftarrow C_{\neg p} \wedge C$ 
                         $S_G \leftarrow S_G \setminus C$ 
                    end if
                end if
            end for
            if  $C_p \neq \emptyset$  then
                 $S_p \leftarrow Fac(C_p, p)$ 
                 $Label \leftarrow Label \cup \{p\}$ 
                 $AuxLabel \leftarrow AuxLabel \cup \{p\}$ 
            end if
            if  $C_{\neg p} \neq \emptyset$  then
                 $S_{\neg p} \leftarrow Fac(C_{\neg p}, \neg p)$ 
                 $Label \leftarrow Label \cup \{\neg p\}$ 
                 $AuxLabel \leftarrow AuxLabel \cup \{\neg p\}$ 
            end if
            for all  $l \in AUXLabel$  do
                 $PTT\Psi \leftarrow PTT\Psi \wedge (l \vee S_l)$ 
                 $litAll \leftarrow litAll \setminus (\{l\} \cup Stract(S_l))$ 
            end for
             $FS \leftarrow FS \cup (\textbf{Stract}(S_p) \cup \textbf{Stract}(S_{\neg p}))$ 
        end if
    end while
     $S_G \leftarrow S_G \setminus PTT\Psi$ 
end while
 $S_{\top} \leftarrow S_G$ 
```

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**Algorithm 7** Cylindrical Digraph

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Input:  $Ptt(\Psi)$ ,  $Labels = \{p_1, \neg p_1, \dots, p_s, \neg p_s, p_{s+1} = \top\}$ ,  $NecFs$

```
 $Nectrue \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
 $V \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
 $E \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
for all  $a, b \in Literal\Psi$  do
     $label(a, b) \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
end for
for all  $l \in Labels$  do
    for all Clauses  $C$  of  $S_l$  do
        if  $a \vee b$  is a disjunction of  $C$  then
            if  $(a \neq \perp) AND (b \neq \perp)$  then
                 $V \leftarrow V \cup \{a, b, \neg a, \neg b\}$ 
                 $E \leftarrow E_0 \cup \{\neg a \Rightarrow b, \neg b \Rightarrow a\}$ 
                 $label(\neg a, b) \leftarrow label(\neg a, b) \cup \{l\}$ 
                 $label(\neg b, a) \leftarrow label(\neg b, a) \cup \{l\}$ 
            else {Suppose  $b = \perp$ }
                 $V \leftarrow V \cup \{a, \neg a, \perp, \top\}$ 
                 $E \leftarrow E \cup \{\neg a \Rightarrow \perp, \top \Rightarrow a\}$ 
                 $label(\neg a, \perp) \leftarrow label(\neg a, \perp) \cup \{l\}$ 
                 $label(\top, a) \leftarrow label(\top, a) \cup \{l\}$ 
                 $Nectrue \leftarrow Nectrue \cup \{a\}$ 
            end if
        end if
    end for
end for
for all  $a \in Necfs$  do
     $V \leftarrow V \cup \{a, \neg a, \perp, \top\}$ 
     $E \leftarrow E \cup \{\neg a \Rightarrow \perp, \top \Rightarrow a\}$ 
     $label(\neg a, \perp) \leftarrow label(\neg a, \perp) \cup a$ 
end for
for all  $S_l$  do
    if  $S_l = \perp$  AND  $l \notin Necfs$  then
         $V \leftarrow V \cup \{\top, \perp\}$ 
         $E \leftarrow E \cup \{\perp \Rightarrow \top\}$ 
         $label(\perp \Rightarrow \top) \leftarrow \{a\}$ 
    end if
end for
Output:  $V, E, label(a, b), Nectrue$ 
```

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**Algorithm 8** Write Non Empty Intervals  $[\neg a, q]$ 

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Input  $Cyl = (V, E, \text{label}(a, b), \text{Nectrue}, \text{NecFs}$

We write all the sequences starting at  $\neg a$ , for all  $\neg a \in V$ .

```

for all  $\neg a \in V$  {Step for recursive  $[\neg a, q]$ , for all  $\neg a \in V$ } do
     $V_{\neg a} \leftarrow \{\neg a\}$ 
     $E_{\neg a} \leftarrow E \setminus \{(a, c) | (a, c) \in E\}$ 
    for all  $(b, c) \in E$  do
         $\text{label}(b, c)_{[\neg a, q]} \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
    end for
    for all  $b \in V_{\neg a}$  do
        if  $b \in V_{[\neg a, q]}$  AND  $(b, c) \in E$  then
             $c \in V_{[\neg a, q]}$ 
             $E_{[\neg a, q]} \leftarrow (b, c)$ 
             $\text{label}(b, c)_{[\neg a, q]} \leftarrow \text{label}(b, c)$ 
        end if
    end for
end for

```

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**Algorithm 9** Write Non Empty Intervals  $[\neg a, b]$ 

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```

for all  $\neg a \in V$  AND  $b \in V$  do
    if  $b \in V_{[\neg a, q]}$  then
         $E_{[\neg a, b]} \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
         $V_{[\neg a, b]} \leftarrow \{\neg a, a\}$ 
        if  $(c, d) \in E \setminus E_{[\neg a, b]}$  AND  $d \in V_{[\neg a, a]}$  and  $c \neq \neg a$  then
             $V_{[\neg a, b]} \leftarrow V_{[\neg a, b]} \cup \{c\}$ 
             $E_{[\neg a, b]} \leftarrow E_{[\neg a, b]} \cup \{(c, d)\}$ 
             $\text{label}(b, c)_{[\neg a, b]} \leftarrow \text{label}(b, c)_{[\neg a, q]}$ 
        end if
        else  $\{b \notin V_{[\neg a, q]}\}$ 
             $[\neg a, b] = \emptyset$ 
        end if
        if  $[\neg a, a] \neq \emptyset$  then
             $\text{Nectrue} \leftarrow \text{Nectrue} \cup \{a\}$ 
        end if
    end for

```

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**Algorithm 10** Closed Intervals

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```
count ← 1
for all  $a \neq b$  Necessarily True do
    if  $[a, -b] \neq \emptyset$  or  $a$  and  $b$  are conjugated then
         $V_{[\neg a, a] \rightarrow [a, -b] \rightarrow [-b, b]} \leftarrow (V_{[\neg a, a]} \cup V_{[a, -b]} \cup V_{[-b, b]}) \times \{count\}$ 
        if  $(c, j)$  and  $(d, j)$  belong to  $V_{[\neg a, a] \rightarrow [a, -b] \rightarrow [-b, b]}$  and  $(c, d) \in E_{[\neg a, a]} \cup E_{[a, -b]} \cup E_{[-b, b]}$ 
            then
                 $((c, j), (d, j)) \in E_{[\neg a, a] \rightarrow [a, -b] \rightarrow [-b, b]}$ 
                 $label_{[\neg a, a] \rightarrow [a, -b] \rightarrow [-b, b]}(((c, j), (d, j))) \leftarrow label(c, d)$ 
            end if
        end if
    end if
     $count \leftarrow count + 1$ 
end for
for all  $a$  Necessarily True and  $b$  Necessarily False do
    if  $[a, b] \neq \emptyset$  OR  $a = b$  (in that case,  $[a, -b] = \emptyset$ ) then
         $V_{[\neg a, a] \rightarrow [a, -b] \rightarrow [b, \perp]} \leftarrow (V_{[\neg a, a]} \cup V_{[a, b]} \cup V_{[b, \perp]}) \times \{count\}$ 
        if  $(c, j)$  and  $(d, j)$  belong to  $V_{[\neg a, a] \rightarrow [a, -b] \rightarrow [b, \perp]}$  and  $(c, d) \in E_{[\neg a, a]} \cup E_{[a, -b]} \cup E_{[b, \perp]}$ 
            then
                 $((c, j), (d, j)) \in E_{[\neg a, a] \rightarrow [a, -b] \rightarrow [b, \perp]}$ 
                 $label_{[\neg a, a] \rightarrow [a, -b] \rightarrow [b, \perp]}(((c, j), (d, j))) \leftarrow label(c, d)$ 
            end if
        end if
    end if
     $count \leftarrow count + 1$ 
end for
for all  $a \neq b$  Necessarily False do
    if  $[\neg a, b] \neq \emptyset$  then
         $V_{[\top, \neg a] \rightarrow [\neg a, b] \rightarrow [b, \perp]} \leftarrow V_{[\top, \neg a]} \cup V_{[\neg a, b]} \cup V_{[b, \perp]} \times \{count\}$ 
        if  $(c, j)$  and  $(d, j)$  belong to  $V_{[\top, \neg a] \rightarrow [\neg a, b] \rightarrow [b, \perp]}$  and  $(c, d) \in E_{[\neg a, a]} \cup E_{[a, -b]} \cup E_{[-b, b]}$ 
            then
                 $((c, j), (d, j)) \in E_{[\top, \neg a] \rightarrow [\neg a, b] \rightarrow [b, \perp]}$ 
                 $label_{[\top, \neg a] \rightarrow [\neg a, b] \rightarrow [b, \perp]}(((c, j), (d, j))) \leftarrow label(c, d)$ 
            end if
        end if
    end if
     $count \leftarrow count + 1$ 
end for
```

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**Algorithm 11** Source, Root and Spillway

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Input  $Closed\ Digraph = (V, E, \text{label}(a, b), \text{Nectrue}, \text{NecFs})$ .

```
Root ← ∅
Source ← ∅
Spillway ← ∅
for all  $a \in V$  do
    if  $\nexists b(b \Rightarrow a \in E)$  then
        Root ← Root ∪ {a}
    end if
    if  $\exists c \in V \exists c' \in V(c \neq c') \wedge (a \Rightarrow c \in E)$  then
        Source ← Source ∪ {a}
    end if
    if  $(\exists c \in V \exists c' \in V(c \neq c') \wedge (a \Rightarrow c \in E) \wedge (a \Rightarrow c' \in E))$  then
        Spillway ← Spillway ∪ {a}
    end if
end for
```

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**Algorithm 12**  $up(e)$ 

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```
if  $(c, d) \in E$  is so that  $c \in Root$  then
     $up(c, d) = \{e\}$ 
else
     $up(c, d) = \cup\{up(a, c) | a \in V\}$ 
end if
```

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**Algorithm 13**  $seq(e1, e2)?$ 

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Verify if there is a sequence between  $e1$  and  $e2$

```
if  $up(e1) = up(e2)$  then
    if  $\exists a \exists b \exists c((e1 = (a, b) \text{ AND } e2 = (b, c)) \text{ OR } (e2 = (a, b) \text{ AND } e1 = (b, c)))$  then
         $seq(e1, e2)$ 
        if  $seq(e1, e3) \text{ AND } seq(e3, e2)$  then
             $seq(e1, e2)$ 
        end if
    end if
else {there is no sequence}
     $notseq(e1, e2)$ 
end if
```

---

**Algorithm 14**  $comp(e1, e2)?$ 

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```
if  $up(e1) \subsetneq up(e2) \text{ OR } up(e2) \subsetneq up(e1)$  then
     $comp(e1, e2)$ 
else
    if  $(up(e1) = up(e2)) \text{ AND } seq(e1, e2)$  then
         $comp(e1, e2)$ 
    else
         $uncomp(e1, e2)$ 
    end if
end if
```

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**Algorithm 15** *antichain( $V/\mathbb{U}$ )?*

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```
for all  $e1 \in \mathbb{U}$  do
    if  $\exists e2 \in V(\text{comp}(e1, e2))$  then
        antichain( $V$ )
    else
        noantichain( $V$ )
    end if
end for
```

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**Algorithm 16** *compatible( $e1, e2$ )?*

---

```
if  $(\text{label}(e1) \cup \text{label}(e2)) \cap \sim (\text{label}(e1) \cup \text{label}(e2)) \neq \emptyset$  {the union of the set of labels
 $UNI$  intersected its set of the negation of the elements of  $UNI$ } then
     $\Xi(e1, e2)$ 
end if
```

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**Algorithm 17** *Nest( $e1$ )*

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```
for all  $e1$  and  $e2$  in  $E$  do
    if  $\text{uncomp}((e1), (e2)) \text{ AND } \Xi(e1, e2)$  then
         $e1 \in \text{Nest}(e2) \text{ AND } e2 \in \text{Nest}(e1)$ 
    end if
end for
```

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**Algorithm 18** SOLVE

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```
VERIFY  $\leftarrow E$ 
while  $VERIFY \neq \emptyset$  do
    AUX  $\leftarrow \emptyset$ 
    for all  $\text{uncomp}((e1), (e2)) \in VERIFY$  do
        if  $\text{noantichain}(\text{Nest}(e1) \cap \text{Nest}(e2))$  then
             $\text{Nest}(e1) \leftarrow \text{Nest}(e1) \setminus \{e2\}$ 
             $\text{Nest}(e2) \leftarrow \text{Nest}(e2) \setminus \{e1\}$ 
            AUX  $\leftarrow AUX \cup \text{Nest}(e1) \cup \text{Nest}(e2)$ 
        end if
        VERIFY  $\leftarrow AUX$ 
    end for
end while
```

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