Legolog

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Overview



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Introduction

- Experimenting with cognitive robotics remains prohibitive due to the cost and maintenance of hardware, low-level issues, etc.
- LEGO[®] have introduced MINDSTORMSTM Robotics Invention SystemTM (RIS) construction kit equipped with programmable microprocessor that can accept input and control outputs
- Cost: approx \$US 200
- Aim: provide a (Prolog-based) system for use in cognitive robotics research/teaching with effectors, sensors, exogenous events, concurrency, interrupts, ...
- Use of Golog was our primary motivation however Golog can be easily substituted

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"Mr. Osborne, may I be excused My brain is full."

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Golog

- High-level programming language for intelligent agents
 - Based on Situation Calculus
 - Supports: sequence, conditionals, loops, non-deterministic choice; concurrency, priorities, interrupts, exogenous actions, sensing
 - Primitive statements—domain-dependent actions to be executed by agent
 - Conditions/tests—domain-dependent predicates (fluents) affected by actions
 - Action theory—precondition axioms, successor state axioms
 - Find sequence of actions that constitutes legal execution of high-level program

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Golog—Programming Constructs

α	primitive action	
φ?	condition (wait)	
$(\delta_1;\delta_2)$	sequence	
if ϕ then δ_1 else δ_2 endIf	conditional	
while ϕ do δ endWhile	loop	
proc $β(\bar{x})$ δ endProc	procedure definition	
$\beta(\bar{t})$	procedure call	
$(\delta_1 \mid \delta_2)$	nondeterministic choice of actions	
$(\pi \bar{x})[\delta]$	nondeterministic choice of arguments	
δ*	nondeterministic iteration	
$(\delta_1 \ \delta_2)$	concurrent execution	
$(\delta_1 \rangle \rangle \delta_2)$	prioritised concurrency	
δ^{\parallel}	concurrent iteration	
$\langle x: \phi \to \delta \rangle$	interrupt	
search(δ)	search	

LEGO[®] MINDSTORMS[™] RIS

RCX (Robotic Command Explorer)

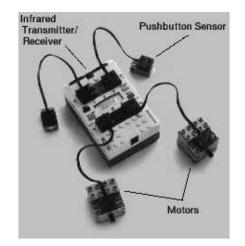
- Hitachi H8/3297 microprocessor
- **3** inputs
 - pushbutton, light, temperature, rotation
- **3** outputs
 - motors, light
- Infrared communications port allowing communication with infrared tower attached to serial port of personal computer
- Programming: LEGO[®], NQC, LegOs, plus many more
- **Idea:** write program on standalone computer and download to RCX

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LEGO MINDSTORMS RIS



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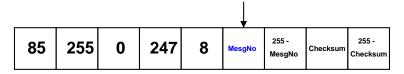
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Legolog: The Basic Idea

- Written in Prolog and NQC
- Communicates actions via infrared tower
- Prolog initiates all communication
 - Golog determines next action to execute and sends message to RCX; RCX must acknowledge within 3.5 seconds with sensing value
 - Golog can also "query" RCX to determine whether exogenous action has occurred (currently, only one exogenous action stored)
- Using Indigolog interpreter: concurrency, interrupts, exogenous actions, search operator

RCX	User	Messag	jes
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- RCX has simple error-checking protocol for communicating via infrared transmitter/receiver
- Messages are used to program RCX firmware, check battery level, etc.
- One particular message type—user message (our terminology) allows numbers in the range 1 – 255 to be sent/received
- Legolog uses these for all communication
- User message packet format



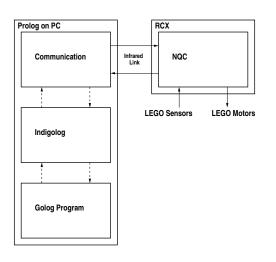
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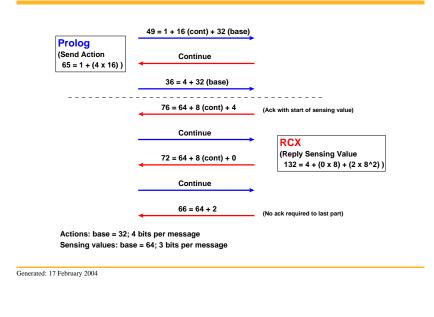
Legolog Protocol

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- **Desideratum:** send/receive arbitrarily large (positive) numbers
 - Allow multiple RCXs
 - Arbitrary sensing values
- How?
 - Send numbers $1 \le n \le 7$ bits at a time (least significant bits first)
 - Make use of a "continuation bit" to signal that more information is to follow
 - Also, a handful of special messages (exogenous request, continue, abort, request extra time, no exogenous action)
- Prolog initiates all communication (due to infrared tower "time-out")
 - ▶ Not a problem since RCX would need to wait for Golog anyway

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Legolog Protocol



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NQC Code

- LEGO[®] provides firmware—virtual machine that can be downloaded to and run on RCX
- Not Quite C (NQC) is an independent C-like programming language for programming firmware (Baum, 2000)
- For Legolog need to provide
 - ▶ initialize: initialise RCX, start exogenous action monitors, etc.
 - **startBehaviour**: determine which behaviour to perform on input
 - > panicAction: what to do when Prolog not responding to RCX
 - Plus code for behaviours, exogenous event monitoring, functions, etc.
- Actions possibly taking long time to execute can be dealt with in two ways
 - Transform into clipping actions: a start action and an exogenous action signalling completion
 - Request additional 3.5 seconds

NQC main loop

initialize();	
while (true) {	
if $(status == ABORT)$ {	
stopAllBehaviours();	
$status = OK; \}$	
if $(status == PANIC)$ {	
panicAction();	//Move around, wiggle, beep, whatever
SendMessage(PANIC_MESG);	
ReceiveMessage(result); }	//Hope for an abort command
$if (status == OK) \{$	
ReceiveMessage(result);	
<pre>if (validActionMesg(result)) {</pre>	
startBehaviour(result);	
<pre>SendMessage(sensingValue); }</pre>	//Return sensor value
<pre>else if (exogRequestMesg(result)) {</pre>	
SendMessage(exogAction);	
$exogAction = NO_EXOG_ACTION; \}\}$	

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Delivery Task

Golog program ⟨motion = Lost → (recover); start_to_next_station⟩⟩⟩ ⟨motion = Moving → wait⟩⟩⟩ ⟨StopRequested(location) → signal_arrival; wait⟩⟩⟩ ⟨n: NextLocationToServe(n) → if location < n then Head_to_next_station(1) else Head_to_next_station(-1)⟩⟩⟩ ⟨location > 1 → Head_to_next_station(-1)⟩⟩⟩ ⟨true → wait⟩

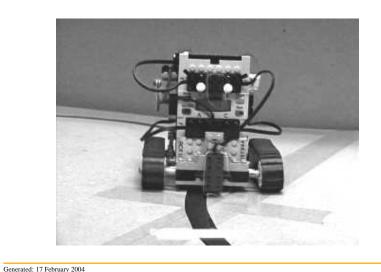
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Delivery Robot



Legolog Status

- ImplementationLinuxSWI-Prolog
 - SWI-Prolog
 - ECLiPSe Prolog (version 4.2 onwards)
 - Windows/MS-DOS
 - LPA DOS-Prolog (version 3.83) on HP200LX
- Availability http://www.cs.toronto.edu/~cogrobo/Legolog/

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Using Alternatives to Golog

Prolog

- Retain low-level Prolog implementation dependent code and RCX communication primitives
- Supply new planner
 - initializeRcx/0: initialise serial port
 - actionNum/2: action/number mapping
 - sendRcxActionNumber/2: execute action and obtain sensing result
 - receiveRcxActionNumber/3: exogenous actions
 - finalizeRcx/0: tidy up

RCX

If new planner cannot deal with exogenous actions, alter behaviours to request additional time

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Summary

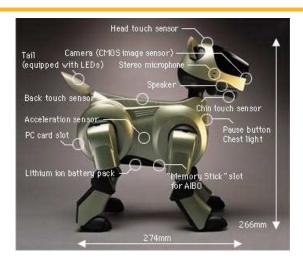
- Facilitation of quick and easy experimentation with cognitive robotics ideas such as sensing, exogenous actions, concurrency, etc.
- Allows for multiple robots—additional Golog constructs to make task easier
- Possible constructions—vast!
- Substitute Golog planner easily
- Port to another Prolog/operating system relatively easy (provided accessible serial port)
- Problems
 - Packet corruption in LEGO[®] protocol
 - Checking of exogenous actions dependent on planner
- Available from:
 - http://www.cs.toronto.edu/~cogrobo/Legolog/

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Sony ERS-2100



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Sony ERS-2100

- CPU 64-bit MIPS RISC
- Sensors
 - CMOS camera in head
 - ▶ head, chin, back, leg pressure sensors
 - ▶ temperature, infrared, acceleration, vibration sensors
 - ▶ microphone
- Actuators
 - ▶ legs, head, tail, ears
 - ▶ 20 degrees of freedom
 - ▶ speaker, LEDs

Desiderata

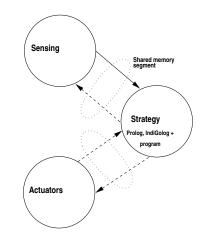
- High-level language for describing player strategy
- Still allow access to low-level data elements and actions
- Clearly separate strategy from lower level code
- Ability to rewrite strategy quickly and easily
- Deliberation for better action selection and "longer-term" planning
- However, require real-time interaction
- Inter-agent communication
- Interface should allow for other languages to be used to describe high-level strategy (i.e., not dependent on one approach)
- Currently looking at implementing ball collection challenge in Golog; have implementation in Prolog

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UNSW Aperios Code Structure



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Problems/Issues with IndiGolog

- Doesn't explicitly cater for real-time interaction
- Actions with duration
- Uninterruptable search
- Exogenous actions invalidate search
- Noisy sensors; unpredictable actuators
- Concurrent actions

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- Low-level variables being updated every 1/25th second, how do we incorporate these changes into Golog
 - ▶ not all changes may be significant

Information at our Disposal

- **x**, y, θ + variance for:
 - robot (self)
 - 🕨 ball
 - teammate(s)
 - opponent(s)
 - own goal
 - opponent goal

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Prolog in Strategy/Deliberative Object

- Due to memory available require (very) small Prolog implementing core functionality
- Must run on robot
 - wireless link is unpredictable
 - ▶ in any case want self-contained robot
- Use iProlog

http://www.cse.unsw.edu.au/~claude/research/prolog.html

- ISO Prolog
- IndiGolog interpreter runs in Prolog

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Information at our Disposal

- \mathbf{x} , y, θ_{rel} , dist + variance for:
 - vision ball
 - vision own goal
 - vision opponent goal
- Other variables:
 - previous attack mode
 - robot state

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Actions

- dog_stand
- dog_head_find_ball
- dog_track_ball
- dog_semi_circle_find_ball
- dog_full_circle_find_ball
- *dog_go_to_position_heading(x, y, theta)*
- dog_go_hold_ball
- *dog_kick(type, power, direction)*
- dog_find_opponent_goal

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Communication between Layers

- Vision layer and Strategy layer
 - Vision variables copied to shared memory
 - ▶ Message sent to deliberative layer informing of update
- Strategy layer and Actuator layer
 - Strategy layer copies action to perform or position of joints to shared memory
 - Actuator layer continuously checks for changes in variables and takes necessary action

Golog Fluents

- As above plus
 - state = {goal_located, have_ball, found_ball, lost_ball}
 - ► Own_area(x, y)
 - Close_enough_own_goal(x, y)
 - Close_enough_opponent_goal(x, y)

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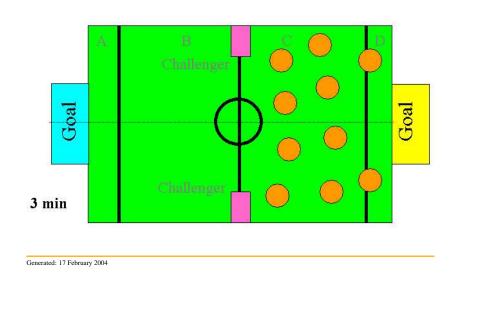
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Primitive Actions

- As above, e.g.,
 - dog_full_circle_find_ball
 - ▶ dog_go_hold_ball
 - dog_kick(type, power, direction)
- Also possible to define actions by giving position of actuators (this is also true of Prolog)
- Note that it is possible to perform actions concurrently on ERS-2100.

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Ball Collection Challenge



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Sample High-Level Program

proc Control
 dog_full_circle_fi nd_ ball;
 while (∃n) Ball(n) do
 dog_go_hold_ball;
 Find_goal;
 Shoot_ball;
 dog_full_circle_fi nd_ball
 endwhile
endProc
proc Find_goal
 dog_fi nd_own_goal | dog_fi nd_opponent_goal
endProc
proc Shoot_ball
 if (Close_enough_own_goal(my_x_pos, my_y_pos)))

then *dog_kick*(CHEST_PUSH, MAX_POWER, STRAIGHT) else *dog_kick*(GOALIE_KICK, MAX_POWER, STRAIGHT)

endProc

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Sample Golog Program

proc Control
while (true) do
if (state = lost_ball)
then <i>dog_full_circle_find_ball</i> ;
else if (state = found_ball)
then dog_go_hold_ball;
else if (state = have_ball)
then <i>Find_goal</i> (my_x_pos, my_y_pos)
else <i>Select_kick</i> (my_x_pos, my_y_pos)
endWhile
endProc

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Sample High-Level Program

proc Control $\langle \text{state=goal_located} \rightarrow Select_kick(my_x_pos,my_y_pos) \rangle \rangle \rangle$ $\langle \text{state=have_ball} \rightarrow Find_goal(my_x_pos,my_y_pos) \rangle \rangle \rangle$ $\langle \text{state=found_ball} \rightarrow dog_go_hold_ball} \rangle \rangle$ $\langle true \rightarrow dog_full_circle_fi nd_ball \rangle$ endProc proc Find_goal(x, y) else if (Own_area(my_x_pos, my_y_pos)) then *dog_fi* nd_own_goal else dog_fi nd_opponent_goal endProc proc Select_kick(x, y) if (Close_enough_own_goal(x, y) or Close_enough_opponent_goal(x, y)) then dog_kick(CHEST_PUSH, MAX_POWER, STRAIGHT) else dog_kick(GOALIE_KICK, MAX_POWER, STRAIGHT) endProc Generated: 17 February 2004

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Other Work

- Aachen University of Technology
 - deliberative/reactive architecture for robot soccer
 - focusses on middle-size and simulator league
- University of Melbourne RoboMutts
 - Smalltalk to implement high-level strategy
- University of Freiburg extended behaviour networks
- University of Koblenz-Landau RoboLog
 - Prolog interface to RoboCup simulator
- Sabeena Chelat, Macquarie University implementation of simple passing strategies in Golog for RoboCup simulator

Conclusions

- Work is in its infancy. To date have spent much time porting a small Prolog interpreter, cleaning up code and implementing interface between layers
- Can execute primitive actions using Golog
- Re-written ball collection challenge in Golog
- Experimenting with different modes of interaction with lower level
- No real deliberation to speak of as yet
- Variants of Golog (e.g., DTGolog), execution monitoring
- Much more work to be done!

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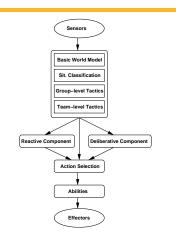
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Other Work — Aachen



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