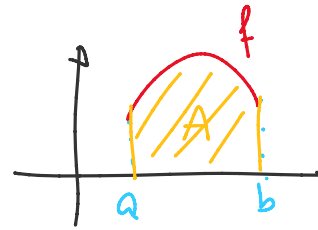


Cálculo de áreas (T4 e T5)

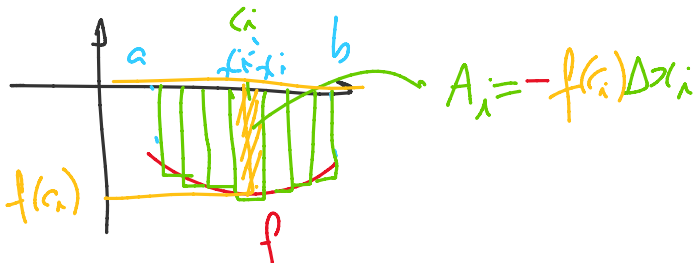
Observação 1: Se $f(x) \geq 0$, então a área da figura entre o gráfico de f , o eixo Ox e as retas $x = a$ e $x = b$ é dada por:

$$A = \int_a^b f(x) dx.$$



Observação 2: Se $f(x) \leq 0$, então a área da figura entre o gráfico de f , o eixo Ox e as retas $x = a$ e $x = b$ é dada por:

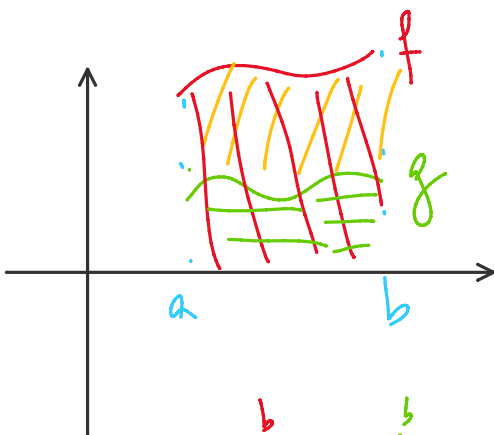
$$A = - \int_a^b f(x) dx.$$



$$A = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n -f(c_i) \Delta x_i = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} - \sum_{i=1}^n f(c_i) \Delta x_i = - \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n f(c_i) \Delta x_i = - \int_a^b f(x) dx$$

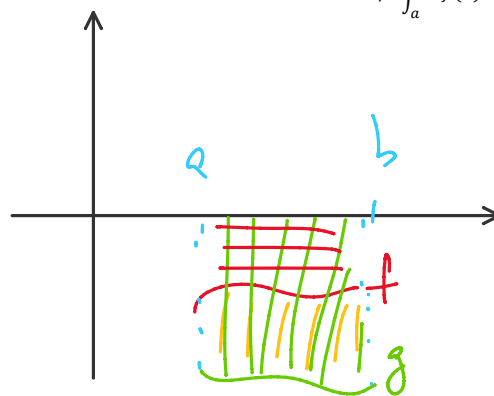
Área entre gráfico de funções

- a) $\int_a^b [f(x) + g(x)] dx = \int_a^b f(x) dx + \int_a^b g(x) dx$
 b) $\int_a^b k f(x) dx = k \int_a^b f(x) dx$



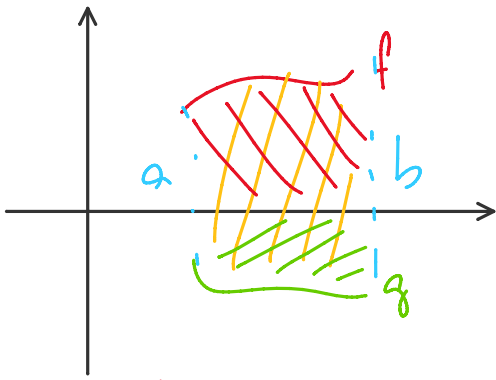
$$A = \int_a^b f(x) dx - \int_a^b g(x) dx$$

$$A = \int_a^b (f(x) - g(x)) dx$$



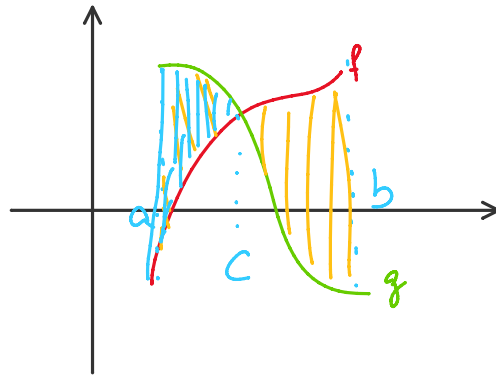
$$A = - \int_a^b g(x) dx - \left(- \int_a^b f(x) dx \right)$$

$$A = \int_a^b (f(x) - g(x)) dx$$



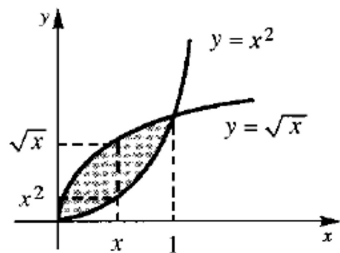
$$A = \int_a^b f(x) dx + \left(- \int_a^b g(x) dx \right)$$

$$A = \int_a^b |f(x) - g(x)| dx$$



$$A = \int_a^c (g(x) - f(x)) dx + \int_c^b (f(x) - g(x)) dx$$

Exercício: Calcule a área do conjunto de todos os pontos (x, y) tais que $x^2 \leq y \leq \sqrt{x}$



$$\begin{cases} y = x^2 \\ y = \sqrt{x} \end{cases} \quad \begin{aligned} x^2 = \sqrt{x} &\Leftrightarrow x^2 - \sqrt{x} = 0 \\ &\Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x}(x\sqrt{x} - 1) = 0 \Leftrightarrow x = 0 \text{ ou } x = 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \int_0^1 (\sqrt{x} - x^2) dx = \left(\frac{2}{3}x^{3/2} - \frac{x^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^1 = \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 1 - \frac{1}{3} \right) - 0 = \frac{1}{3}$$

Exercício: Desenhe a região A e calcule a sua área:

a) $A = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : y \geq x^2 - 4, y \leq 12 - 3x^2 \text{ e } y \leq 3x^2 + 12x + 12\}$